



# Design Guidelines.

## KINGSFORD





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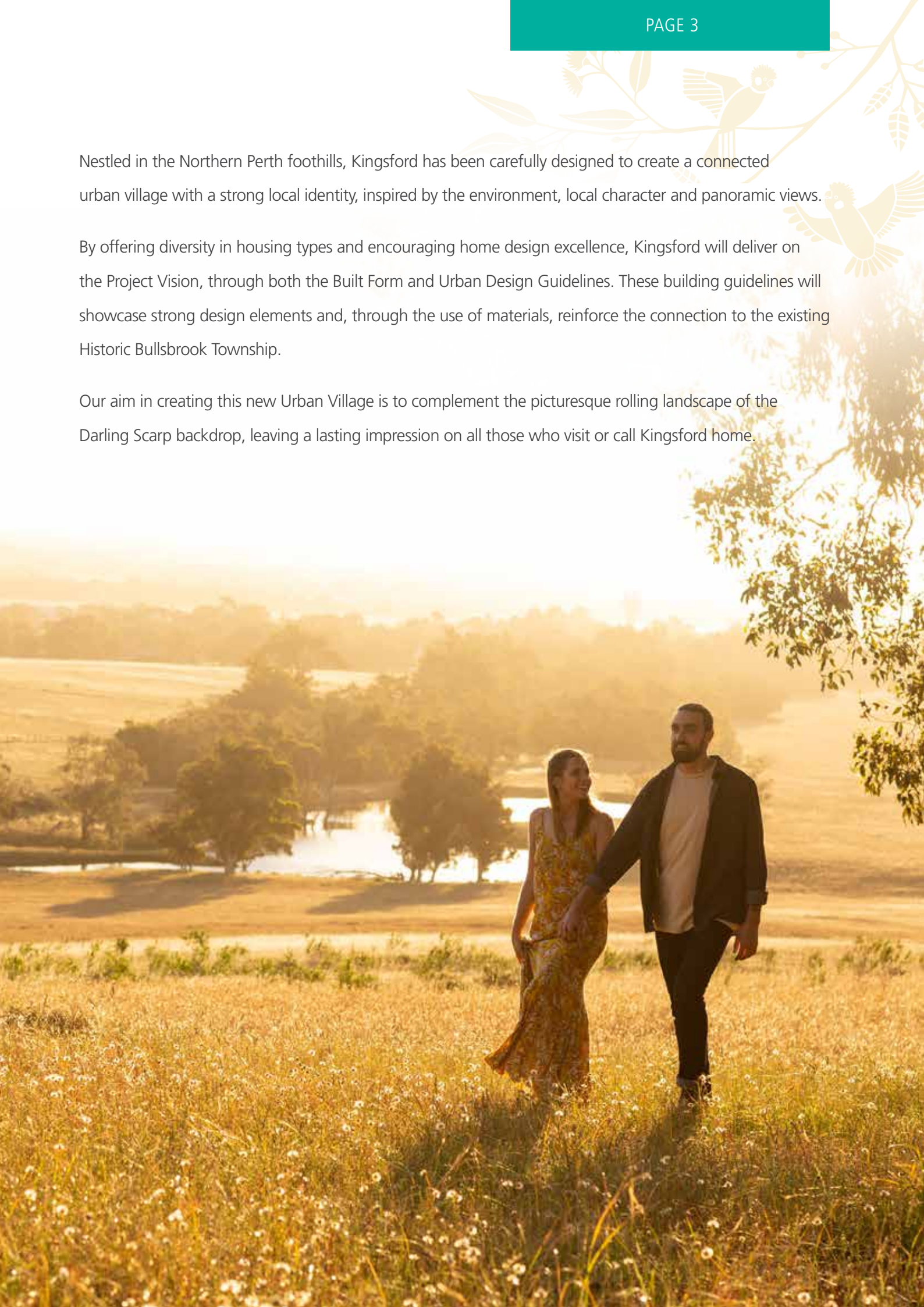
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Nestled in the Northern Perth foothills, Kingsford has been carefully designed to create a connected urban village with a strong local identity, inspired by the environment, local character and panoramic views.

By offering diversity in housing types and encouraging home design excellence, Kingsford will deliver on the Project Vision, through both the Built Form and Urban Design Guidelines. These building guidelines will showcase strong design elements and, through the use of materials, reinforce the connection to the existing Historic Bullsbrook Township.

Our aim in creating this new Urban Village is to complement the picturesque rolling landscape of the Darling Scarp backdrop, leaving a lasting impression on all those who visit or call Kingsford home.





## The vision.

The Vision for Kingsford is Community underpinned by a relaxed lifestyle that celebrates the past and embraces the future, creating an authentic urban village that is hallmarked by rich character, a progressive outlook and engaged community. Contemporary, elegant architecture with a blend of feature stonework, face brick, timber and verandahs are encouraged in the design of the homes to respond to the natural Bullsbrook environment and to maximise the valley vistas.

These Design Guidelines will ensure the vision for Kingsford, as a premium estate in the North Eastern corridor, is incorporated into the designs of the homes.

## Purpose.

Design Guidelines are set as a strategy for ensuring Kingsford presents a high quality appearance in both its built form and overall streetscape.

Designing your home to specifically suit your chosen lot and local surroundings will help to minimise reliance on heating and cooling, which in turn may lead to reduced ongoing household costs. A conscientious design can also enhance comfort by maximising the local assets, such as local views to parklands and the Darling Scarp, and limiting afternoon sun and headlight glare.







## Building plan assessment process.

Land purchased at Kingsford is subject to Restrictive Covenants, which together with the Design Guidelines form part of the Contract of Sale. Lot owners are required to submit an A3 pdf of building plans, including a completed Developer's schedule of materials and colours, to Okeland Communities' Consultant (WA Approvals) via email: [plans@designapprovals.com.au](mailto:plans@designapprovals.com.au).

Your application will be assessed for compliance with the Kingsford Design Guidelines to ensure that the plans appropriately comply. Approved plans will be stamped and returned to the applicant. If plans are non-compliant, Okeland Communities will provide a checklist outlining any non-compliance with the Design Guidelines.

- Following approval, the applicant may apply to the City of Swan for a Building Permit.
- Note, all lots are subject to compliance with The City of Swan Policies, Town Planning Scheme and relevant Design Codes and are subject to interpretation and assessment by others.
- For clarity, in the case of a conflict between documents, the existence of any Local Development Plan (LDP) or Regulating Plan will take precedence over the Design Guidelines. In some cases, the Guidelines may specify a higher level of compliance.
- Where definitions are not provided in the Guidelines, the definition in the current Residential Design Codes will apply.
- Note, some Restrictive Covenants may not be able to be assessed as part of the Building Plan assessment. Compliance with all the Restrictive Covenants remains the responsibility of the Lot Owner.

# Development.

No development is to commence on any lot without the building plans and schedules having been approved in writing as set out above.

## Local Precinct Variations

Some variations to the standard Guidelines apply to lots in special local precincts.

Please refer to your sales documentation and Design Element 13 in the Guidelines for further information.





# Design guideline principles.

Design Element 2: Feature Facade Material.

Design Element 2: Elevation feature.

Design Element 2: Supplementary elevation feature.

SUPPLEMENTARY  
FEATURE  
GAMBREL

SUPPLEMENTARY  
FEATURE  
GABLE

ELEVATION  
FEATURE  
VERANDAH

FEATURE FACADE  
MATERIAL  
STEEL

SUPPLEMENTARY  
FEATURE  
PROJECTING  
FEATURE  
WALL

SUPPLEMENTARY  
FEATURE  
TIMBER DECKING

SUPPLEMENTARY  
FEATURE  
CORBEL OR MOULDING



# 1

DESIGN ELEMENT

## Orientation.

The following guideline applies:

- I Dwellings must address the Primary Street in terms of main pedestrian entry.

# 2

DESIGN ELEMENT

## Primary street elevation.

All dwellings must include:

- I A habitable room overlooking the Primary Street and/or Public Open Space and incorporate at least one window facing the Primary Street. Windows must be clear glazed and at least 12c high and 1.2m wide. This can be achieved by using single or multiple 12c high or greater windows.
  - I A Feature façade material (15% of the front façade) in addition to standard face brick or rendered walls. Acceptable materials are; Stone, Ceramic Tiling, Metal Cladding, Timber Cladding or Weatherboard.
- Other materials such as Steel may be considered at the discretion of the Developer.



STONE



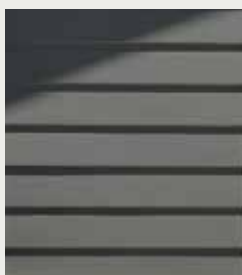
CERAMIC  
TILING



METAL  
CLADDING



TIMBER  
CLADDING



WEATHERBOARD





An Elevation Feature must be included in the Primary street facade.

This will ensure visual interest and promote variety in the built form articulation.

**This can be either:**

An articulated Entry Feature, minimum depth 1.2m with separate roof support/s.

These include:

- Porticos
- Verandahs
- Pergolas
- Integrated porches



PORTICO



VERANDA



PERGOLA



INTEGRATED PORCH

**Or**

- A Balcony to an upper floor.



BALCONY

**But exclude:**

- Simple indented porches



SIMPLE INDENTED PORCH

In addition to the above, at least one Supplementary Elevation Feature must be incorporated into the Primary Street facade. This will provide visual interest and promote variety in the built form articulation:

- Gable, Gambrel or Skillion roof.
- Projecting feature wall.
- Projecting Corbel or Moulding (minimum 40mm).
- Integrated Planter box.
- Timber Decking to an entry feature area.

Refer to Design Element 13 for Precinct Variations.



GABLE



GAMBREL



SKILLION ROOF



PROJECTING  
FEATURE WALL



CORBEL OR MOULDING



INTEGRATED  
PLANTER BOX



TIMBER DECKING  
TO ENTRY

**Colours:**

Overly bright or primary colours are not permitted on the Primary or Secondary Street elevation. Colours should be muted and must be submitted for approval.



## Corner lots.

The following guidelines apply:

- To promote security and provide visual interest, dwellings on Corner Lots must address all frontages. This is to be achieved through the incorporation of windows (major opening) and by extending the Primary Street elevation materials onto the Secondary Street elevation at least to a point in line with the Developer installed masonry fencing pier or, where there is no pier, a point 4.0m back from the lot boundary truncation.
- There are to be no blank walls visible from Public Areas or Streets.



EXAMPLE ADDRESSING BOTH STREETS







SKILLION ROOFS ARE REQUIRED TO HAVE A MINIMUM OF 10° PITCH WITH A MAXIMUM OF 15° PITCH.

## 4 DESIGN ELEMENT

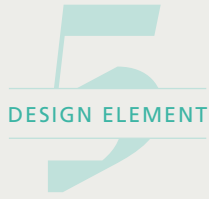
# Roofscapes.

The following guidelines apply:

- All Traditional Hipped and Gabled Roofs are required to have a minimum 24° pitch.
- Overhanging eaves are required to a portion of the front elevation.
- Skillion Roofs are required to have a minimum pitch of 10° with a maximum pitch of 15°. In all cases Skillion Roofs must have a minimum of 300mm overhang to all sides.
- Any Flat Roofs are to be hidden from Public View (Primary/Secondary Streets or from any Public area) with Parapet walls or similar.
- Curved roofs are not permitted. (minor attached roofs may be permitted)

Refer to Design Element 13 for Precinct Variations.





## Garages & carports.

The following guidelines apply:

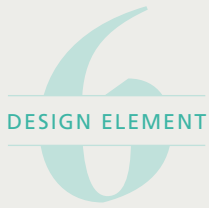
- Garages/Carports are to be constructed from materials consistent with the dwelling and be located under the main roof. (this excludes laneway lots).
- The materials, design features and colours of garages/carports are to be consistent with the dwelling.
- Garages/carports must be located a minimum of 0.5m behind the front building line (measured from the front most habitable room on the Primary Street elevation and not the projection of a feature).
- Prior to occupation all garages/carports must include a door.
- A double garage/carport adequate for at least two motor vehicles side by side is required unless not permitted by The City of Swan. On larger lots where frontages allow, a third attached garage/store is permitted subject to;
  - a) *It being setback at least 0.5m behind the main garage and;*
  - b) *Having a separate driveway as outlined in Design Element 13.*



Refer to Design Element 13 for Precinct Variations.



THE MATERIALS, DESIGN FEATURES AND COLOURS OF GARAGES/CARPORTS ARE TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE DWELLING.



## Driveways.

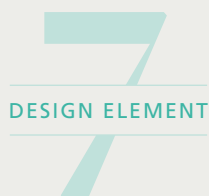
The following guidelines apply:

- Prior to occupation, all crossovers and driveways must be constructed and completed.
- The driveway width at the street boundary of the lot is to be no more than 6m wide.
- Driveways must not be constructed from plain, uncoloured concrete. Driveways should be constructed from brick or concrete pavers, stencilled or stamped concrete finishes or poured exposed aggregate.
- To facilitate reticulation, a minimum 90mm diameter pipe must be installed below the full width of any driveway.
- Additional driveways/crossovers subject to shire approval, engineering & setbacks.

Refer to Design Element 13 for Precinct Variations.



DRIVEWAYS MUST NOT BE CONSTRUCTED FROM PLAIN, UNCOLOURED CONCRETE.

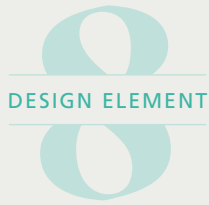


## Developer works.

The following guidelines apply:

- Any fences, retaining walls or cross overs constructed by the Developer, including the entry statement, must not be removed, painted or altered in any way without receiving prior written consent from the Developer, at their absolute discretion.

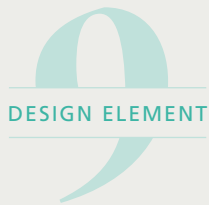




## Retaining walls.

The following guidelines apply:

- Retaining walls visible from the street or a public space must be constructed of materials matching those provided by the Developer.



## Outbuildings.

The following guidelines apply:

- All outbuildings to be constructed behind the front or secondary building line.
- Outbuildings must be constructed of materials and colours compatible with the main dwelling.
- Street access is provided via the main driveway or provided via a secondary, separate\* driveway not exceeding 3.5m in width.
- Building approval must be obtained from the City of Swan and the Developer prior to the commencement of construction.

\*Note: Driveways accessing additional garages/stores etc. must be separated from main driveway by minimum 600mm of permeable landscaping. Paved or otherwise impermeable surfaces are not permitted to this zone.

Refer to Design Element 13 for Precinct Variations.

# 10

DESIGN ELEMENT

## Services.

The following guidelines apply:

- Clothes drying areas, water storage tanks, hot water systems, and air conditioners must be hidden from the Primary/Secondary Street or from public view.
- Bin storage areas concealed from street view & must be indicated on the plans.

Approval can be gained by either;

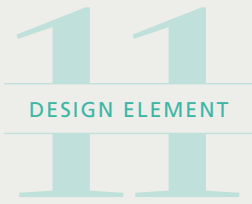
- a) *Ensuring there is rear access either through the garage or around a side of the dwelling to a designated area.*
- b) *Providing adequate space within the garage for both vehicles and bins. (Typically, minimum 6.0m internal depth.)*



EXAMPLE WHERE NO BIN STORAGE PROVISION HAS BEEN CONSIDERED WITHIN DESIGN - NOT PERMITTED.

- Roof mounted services including but not limited to: television aerials, satellite dishes, water tanks, hot water services and air conditioning units must not be visible from the Primary or Secondary Street or from any public space.
- Solar panels and collectors for hot water units are the exception to this requirement and can be located on North facing Secondary Streets where performance would otherwise be adversely affected.





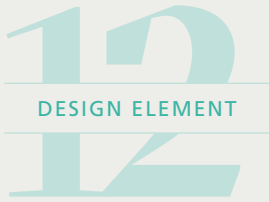
# Fencing.

The following guidelines apply:

- Though not mandatory, front fencing should not exceed 0.95m in height and must be a minimum of 50% visually permeable. Materials and colours must be compatible with the front dwelling elevation. For clarity on corner lots, fencing forward of any Developer installed masonry fencing pier on the Secondary Street boundary or where there is no pier, a point 4.0m back from the lot boundary truncation, is considered front fencing.
- Fencing along a Secondary Street boundary commences behind any developer installed masonry fencing pier on the Secondary Street boundary or where there is no pier, a point 4.0m back from the lot boundary truncation.
- All other boundary (side and rear) fencing will have a maximum height of 1.8m and be constructed of either 'Colorbond' in the Grey Ridge colour or other fencing in a compatible material and colour.
- Return Fencing must be setback a minimum of 1.5m from the front corner of a dwelling. Materials and colours must be compatible with the front dwelling elevation. Installation of the return fence is the responsibility of the lot owner.
- Certain lots adjoin uniform or feature fencing provided by the Developer. Feature fencing is not to be modified, replaced, removed or damaged in any way. See Design Element 7.
- Purchasers of lots that require noise control measures must refer to the Local Development Plan for further clarification on fencing requirements associated with acoustic management.
- In all cases, fencing prescribed in any Local Development & Regulating Plans takes precedence over the Estate Design Guidelines.







## Storage of vehicles, boats, trailers, caravans and the like.

The following guidelines apply to the storage of vehicles, boats, trailers, caravans and similar.

- Shall be located behind fence lines, and/or otherwise concealed from public view.
- Shall be located behind the main building line.



EXAMPLE WHERE A VEHICLE HAS BEEN IMPROPERLY STORED - NOT PERMITTED.





# Local precinct variations.

The following guidelines apply:

## 1. Homestead lots:

*Typically over 950m<sup>2</sup> or as identified on stage sales plans.*

### ALL DWELLINGS.

- Primary street elevations to be a minimum of 20m in width.  
(Dwelling and garage/s.)
- Return fences are mandatory and should;
  - Be of masonry construction to compliment the dwelling.
  - Consist of piers a minimum of 1.8m high.
  - Have visually permeable infills between 0.9m and 1.8m above site level.
  - Other configurations subject to approval.
- Gates in return fences are permitted.
- Boundary walls are not permitted on these lots.

### GARAGES/STORES/WORKSHOPS.

- The combined width of garages/stores/workshops does not exceed 10m on any frontage.
- The main garage can be in-line with the dwelling, veranda or portico.

### LOTS ABUTTING PUBLIC AREAS.

No blank walls facing the public open space where forward of any low or visually permeable style fencing. Corner lot requirements apply.

## 2. Urban lots:

*Lots with an area up to and including 300m<sup>2</sup>, with a frontage 10m and under.*

### ALL DWELLINGS.

- Front eaves are not mandatory.
- Single or tandem garages are permitted subject to approval by The City of Swan.
- Supplementary features (Design element 2) are not mandatory.



# Application checklist.

For compliance queries please contact: WA Approvals

Email: [plans@designapprovals.com.au](mailto:plans@designapprovals.com.au)

Complete this form and lodge together with your building plans for Developer's approval.

Purchaser Name:

Lot Number and Street:

Stage:

Builder Name:

Contact Number:

## Colour & material schedule.

Overly bright or primary colours are not permitted on the Primary or Secondary Street elevations.

Colours should be muted to complement the local environment.

### Facade materials

Face brick:

Render:

Contrasting render:

Feature material:

Roof cover material / colour:

Garage door colour:

Any other colour / material:

Precinct Variation and Stage:





# Design guideline definitions.

## **Balcony**

An open structure accessed from an upper storey room on the front façade with a minimum depth of 1.5m

## **Building plans**

Site plans, floor plans and elevations A3 pdf.

## **Corner lot**

A lot with more than one interface with a street or public area, excluding any laneway.

## **Elevation feature**

An articulated structure such as a portico, veranda, pergola, integrated porch or balcony providing visual interest to the façade of the dwelling.

## **Entry feature**

A structure with separate roof support and a minimum of 1.2m in depth.

## **Feature façade material**

A material other than standard face brickwork or painted/coated render.

## **Front building line**

The face of a habitable room containing a window on either level, not the projection of a feature.

## **Gable**

A vertical wall, triangular in form, extending to the ridge of a roof.

## **Gambrel**

A small gable set on a roof, independent to any wall below.

## **Habitable room**

A living room, kitchen, bedrooms, activity rooms and study.

## **Homestead Lot**

Typically over 950m<sup>2</sup> or as identified on stage sales plans.

## **Local development plan**

A City of Swan planning approval document with a focus on bushfire management and noise attenuation.

## **Lot truncation**

One or more portions of a street front boundary at the intersection of two streets.

## **Opinion of the developer**

Entirely at their discretion, the considered opinion of the Developer or their appointed agents.



**Planter box**

An integrated masonry raised garden bed a minimum of 1.5m in length.

**Portico**

A roofed entry feature with an associated room, that defines the entry point to the dwelling.

**Primary street**

As prescribed by any Statutory Planning document or annexure to the sales contract, any street providing the pedestrian access point to the dwelling or a street containing both the pedestrian and vehicular access.

**Project vision**

The required design outcome relating to the built form and landscaping.

**Public area**

Any street, public open space, park or the like.

**Regulating plan**

A document that sets out the design requirements for the coordination of built form, landscape, and engineering elements in a way that adds street appeal and protects the Community's investment in Kingsford.

**Return fencing**

A fence connecting the side of a dwelling to either side boundary, boundary structure or boundary fence.

**Secondary street**

As prescribed by any Statutory Planning document, or annexure to the sales contract, a street not providing the pedestrian access point to the dwelling and not a laneway.

**Skillion roof**

A single pitched roof between 10°-15° with a minimum roof overhang of 300mm in all cases.

**Supplementary elevation feature**

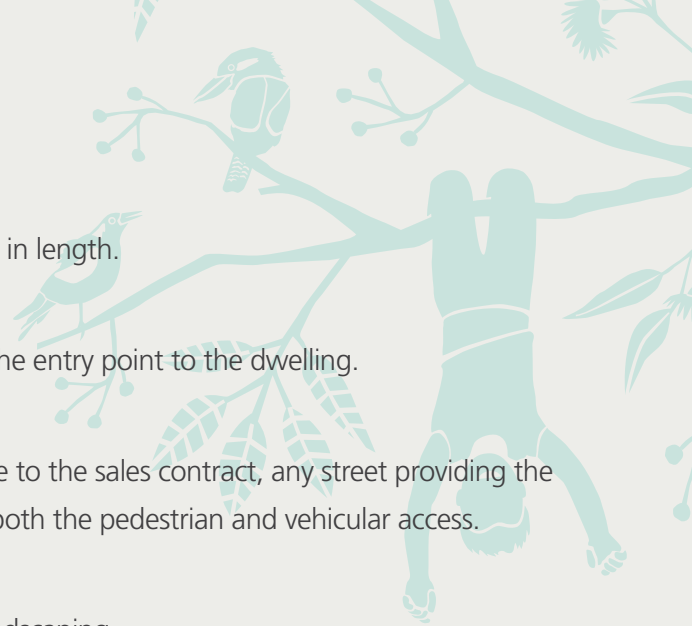
An element such as a gable, gambrel, skillion roof, projecting wall, corbel, moulding, planter box or timber decking, that provides visual interest to the façade of the dwelling.

**Urban lot**

Lots with an area up to and including 300m<sup>2</sup>, with a frontage 10m and under as identified on stage sales plans.

**Verandah**

A roofed area with a minimum width of 2.5m across the frontage.



# Notes.





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